



# Mold Max™ Series

Condensation Cure Silicone Rubber Compounds

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

*Mold Max™* Silicones are new tin-cured silicone rubber compounds that have exceptional tear strength and working properties. *Mold Max™* Silicones cure overnight and feature knotty tear propagation (if the rubber is torn, the tear quickly terminates in a “knot” reducing further mold damage).

*Mold Max™* Silicones will reproduce the finest detail and are suitable for a variety of industrial and art related applications including making molds for reproducing prototypes, furniture, sculpture and architectural elements.

*Mold Max™* Silicones can be thickened with *THI-VEX™* thixotropic additive for brush-on application.

*Mold Max™* silicones can also be used to cast a variety of materials including wax, gypsum, low melt alloys/metals and urethane, epoxy or polyester resins (without using a release agent).

## TECHNICAL OVERVIEW

	Shore A	Mix Ratio By Weight	Color	Specific Volume	Specific Gravity	Viscosity	Die B Tear Strength	Elongation At Break	Tensile Strength	100% Modulus	Shrinkage
<b>Mold Max 10</b>	10	100A:10B	Pale Yellow	24.1	1.15	15,000 cps	90 pli	375%	275 psi	30 psi	.001 in./in.
<b>Mold Max 20</b>	20	100A:10B	Light Orange	23.5	1.18	25,000 cps	100 pli	350%	350 psi	35 psi	.001 in./in.
<b>Mold Max 30</b>	30	100A:10B	Light Blue	23.5	1.18	25,000 cps	125 pli	300%	400 psi	110 psi	.004 in./in.
<b>Mold Max 40</b>	40	100A:10B	Mint Green	24.3	1.14	60,000 cps	75 pli	250%	500 psi	190 psi	.004 in./in.

~Pot Life: 45 Minutes                      ~Cure Time/Demold: 24 hrs. (optional: follow with postcure)

Useful Temperature Range: -65°F to 400°F (-19°C to 205°C)                      Dielectric Strength, volts/mil: >500  
Dielectric Constant, 100 Hz: 3.4                      Dissipation Factor, 100 Hz: 0.02

## PREPARATION TIPS

**Applying A Sealer / Release Agent . . .** *Mold Max™* rubber may be inhibited by sulfur based clays resulting in tackiness at the pattern interface or a total lack of cure throughout the mold. If compatibility between the rubber and the surface is a concern, a small-scale test is recommended. Apply a small amount of rubber onto a non-critical area of the pattern. Inhibition has occurred if the rubber is gummy or uncured after the recommended cure time has passed.

To prevent inhibition, a “barrier coat” of clear acrylic lacquer sprayed directly onto the pattern is usually effective. Allow to thoroughly dry. Although not usually necessary, a release agent will make demolding easier when casting into or over most surfaces. Ease Release 800™ does not contain silicone oil and is suitable for making molds with silicone rubber. Mann Ease Release™ products are available from Smooth-On or your Smooth-On distributor. If casting silicone into silicone, use Ease Release 800™ only. We do offer **SAFIRE™ catalyst** for Mold Max 30 that allows the rubber to cure directly over sulphur based clays.

**Measuring & Mixing . . .** Materials should be stored and used in a warm environment (72° F / 23°C). Store material where temperature does not exceed 75°F / 23°C. Before you begin, pre-mix Part A (base) thoroughly to re-disperse fillers that may have settled. After dispensing required amounts of Parts A and B into mixing container (100 parts A to 10 parts B by weight), **mix thoroughly for 3 minutes** making sure that you **scrape the sides and bottom of the mixing container several times**. After mixing parts A and B, vacuum degassing is recommended to eliminate any entrapped air. Vacuum material for 2 -3 minutes (29 inches of mercury), making sure that you leave enough room in container for product expansion.

## Pouring

## Curing

## Mold Performance

**Pouring ...** For best results, pour your mixture in a single spot at the lowest point of the containment field. Let the rubber seek its level up and over the model. **A uniform flow will help minimize entrapped air.** The liquid rubber should level off at least 1/2" (1.3 cm) over the highest point of the model surface.

**Curing . . .** Allow the mold to cure overnight (at least 16 hours) at room temperature (77°F/25°C) before demolding. Cure time can be reduced with mild heat (125°F / 51°C for 4 - 6 hours). **Post curing the mold an additional 4 - 5 hours at 125°F (51°C)** will eliminate any residual moisture and alcohol that is a by-product of the condensation reaction. This water and alcohol can inhibit the cure of some casting resins. Allow mold to cool to room temperature before using. Do not cure rubber where temperature is less than 65°F /18°C.

**Thickening Mold Max™ Silicones with THI-VEX™ thixotropic additive:** For vertical surface application, *Mold Max™ Silicones* can be thickened for brush-on application. Different viscosities can be attained by varying the amount of *THI-VEX™*.

*THI-VEX™* is added as a percentage of Part A and must be thoroughly mixed with Parts A and B.

Part A	+	Part B Catalyst (Mix Well)	+	THI-VEX (% of Part A)	=	Consistency
100 Parts		10 Parts		1/2 Part (0.5%) (% of Part A)		Thick
100 Parts		10 Parts		1.0 Parts (1.0%) (% of Part A)		Thicker
100 Parts		10 Parts		2.0 Parts (2 %) (% of Part A)		Thickest

Apply a coat of rubber. Wait for rubber to become "tacky" before applying next coat. Final mold thickness should be at least 3/8" (1 cm). Allow rubber to cure overnight before applying support shell.

**FastCat™ silicone rubber catalyst** will accelerate the cure time of Mold Max™ silicone rubbers. Used in place of (or in combination with) Mold Max™ regular Part B catalyst, FastCat™ will reduce the demold time from overnight to as little as 30 minutes. **Note:** working time is reduced in proportion to the amount of FastCat™ added. See the technical bulletins for FastCat™ 10, 20 & 30 respectively (available from Smooth-On or your Smooth-On distributor) for exact mix ratios and cure times.

**Mold Max™ Thinner** is a non-reactive silicone fluid that will lower the mixed viscosity of tin cure (condensation) or platinum cure (addition) silicone rubber products. MM Thinner offers the following advantages: [1] A lower mixed viscosity (A+B) means that the rubber will de-air faster when vacuuming; [2] Mixed rubber (A+B) will flow better over intricate model detail; [3] MM Thinner will lower the ultimate shore hardness (durometer) of cured silicone rubber; [4] Pot life (working time) is increased in proportion to the amount of MM thinner used. A disadvantage is that ultimate tear and tensile are reduced in proportion to the amount of MM thinner added, however knotty tear properties of the Mold Max™ Series rubbers are unaffected. See the Mold Max™ Thinner technical bulletin (available from Smooth-On or your Smooth-On Distributor) for full details.

*The Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this or any Smooth-On product should be read prior to use and is available upon request from Smooth-On. All Smooth-On products are safe to use if directions are read and followed carefully. Be careful.* Use only with adequate ventilation. Contact with skin and eyes may cause irritation. Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention. Remove from skin with waterless hand cleaner followed by soap and water. **Important:** The information contained in this bulletin is considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use will not infringe upon a patent. User shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended application and assume all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith.

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